



Highlights

- Net cash balance increased by A\$57.2 million during the quarter
- Closing cash and deposits of A\$135.6 million
- Settled Broken Hill deferred acquisition liability four years ahead of schedule
- Favorable milestones on all major project evaluations - Potosi, North Deeps, Flinders and Mount Oxide
- Broken Hill Ore Reserve estimate increased by 18% (zinc + lead) metal.

Broken Hill

Total contained metal production was up 6.5% to 57.6 kt, with constant zinc production and 19.4% higher lead production compared to the previous quarter.

Ore Reserve estimate upgraded to 11.7 Mt at 7.3% zinc, 4.8% lead and 47.9 g/t silver. This represents a 12% increase in tonnes and 18% increase in (zinc and lead) metal.

The ore mining rate over the past four months has been at an annualized rate of 2.2 Mtpa with all key operating indicators above that achieved in the March quarter.

Daisy Milano

Improvement initiatives under the newly appointed Resident Manager are starting to impact on the overall performance of the operation. Gold production during the quarter totaled 6,465 ounces from 31,473 tonnes of ore at 6.39 g/t. Ore was primarily sourced from the lateral extent of the orebody and ore development drives.

Development activities focused on updating the resource model and confirming the optimal future mining method.

Development

The Perilya Board has approved the development of an exploration decline at the Potosi project at Broken Hill; a feasibility study to fast track the direct ore shipping option at the Flinders high grade zinc oxide project; and the progression to pre-feasibility study phase of the North Mine Deeps project at Broken Hill.

Exploration

The Mt Oxide Mineral Resource estimate increased by 23% to 100,000t copper following the re-interpretation of historical data and re-logging of drill core. Drilling will re-commence in the September quarter.

Corporate

Settlement of the Broken Hill deferred acquisition liability (A\$55.0 million) with the final A\$8.5 million payment in June.

Cash and deposits increased to A\$135.6 million following generation of A\$64.4 million cash from operations and A\$6.4 million from sale of non core assets. Total borrowings reduced to A\$7.1 million.

Len Jubber
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
18 July 2006

Phone: +61 8 6210 2000

Continued to strengthen the executive team with the appointment of General Manager - Sustainable Development.

*Broken Hill, New South Wales, 100% owned**June Quarter*

The Broken Hill operations achieved the highest quarterly total metal production since the corresponding period in 2003.

Zinc metal production was in line with the previous quarter, based on higher throughput at lower grade, whilst lead in concentrate increased by 19.4% due to higher grade ore milled and improved recoveries.

Throughout the year the pillars have provided a high grade sweetener to the production from the Southern Operations, with year to date production of 105,099 tonnes at 8.1% lead and 9.3% zinc. This mining area has been a development focus over the past 12-18 months and is now estimated (Proved and Probable Reserve) to hold 1.53 Mt at 11.4% lead and 9.7% zinc compared to the previous Ore Reserve estimate of 236,000 tonnes at 10.5% lead and 9.5% zinc.

Ore processed was up 10% on the March quarter. The ore stockpiles were full at year end and the zinc concentrate inventory was equivalent to over one month production. The plant handled the higher throughput within the three (out of four) week operating schedule and recoveries continued their upward trend.

The cash operating margin increased by 26% to US\$67c/lb zinc. Direct cash costs were up 14% due to the higher tonnes mined at lower grade and higher maintenance charges in preparation for a planned one week hoisting shutdown in early July. By-product credits reduced by 19% due to the lower lead price offset by higher lead production. Zinc treatment charges escalated by 20% (US\$7c/lb) due to the higher zinc price received.

One lost time injury was incurred during the quarter.

2005/06 Full year

Total ore mined in 2005/06 was 2.05 million tonnes compared to 1.88 million tonnes in the previous year. Higher mining rates achieved in the last four months of the year equated to an annualised rate of 2.2 Mtpa. Ore mined from the North Mine for the year totaled 207,800 tonnes, compared to 92,800 tonnes in 2004/05, achieving planned target of 10% of total annual ore feed.

Recoveries of both zinc and lead were 1-2% above that achieved in the previous year.

Total contained metal (zinc + lead) was up 13.3% on the previous year, with zinc up 9.2% and lead up 22.4% respectively.

Silver production increased from 1.85 Moz to 2.13 Moz.

Safety performance continued to improve with a total of seven lost time injuries during 2005/06 compared to nine in 2004/05.

2005/06 Mineral Resource & Ore Reserve Estimate

The Broken Hill Ore Reserve as at 30/6/2006 is estimated at 11.7 Mt at 7.3% zinc 4.8% lead and 47.9g/t silver following integration of remaining resources to reserve conversion through mine planning, recent orebody extension drilling results, increased commodity price estimates and depletion through production over the past year. (See Table 6). This represents an 18% increase in combined (zinc + lead) metal over the 15 months since the previous estimate. The metal increase is in part attributable to the significant increase in the Pillar Ore Reserve to 1.53Mt at 9.7% zinc, 11.4% lead and 85.4g/t silver. This follows successful mining of Pillars over the past two years, supported by favourable reconciliation results.

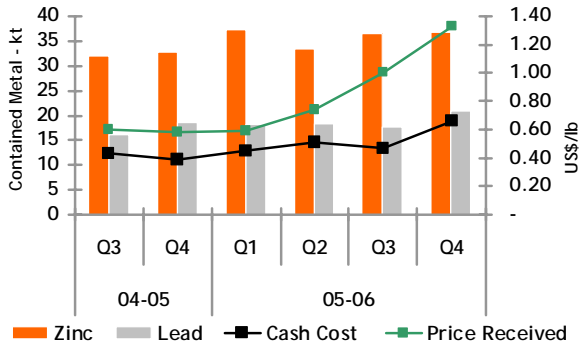
During the same period total Mineral Resources have increased by 5% to 19.2 Mt at 10.4% zinc, 8.5% lead and 102.4 g/t silver (See Table 6). The increase is principally due to the addition of the North Mine Deeps Inferred Resource of 4.2Mt at 11.2% zinc, 13.7% lead and 214g/t silver (reported September 2005 Quarterly Report). The Mineral Resource is inclusive of the Ore Reserve.

The operation has successfully extended the mine life beyond that at the time of acquisition in 2002, despite producing 560,851 tonnes zinc, 245,011 tonnes lead and 7.4 million ounces silver to date.

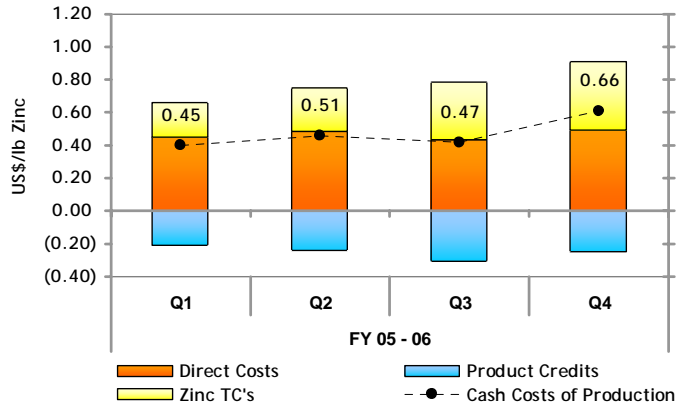
Table 1: Broken Hill Quarterly Production & Cash Costs

	Jun Qtr 2006	Mar Qtr 2006	12 Months 30 June 06	12 Months 30 June 05
<u>PRODUCTION STATISTICS</u>				
<u>Ore</u>				
Southern Operation (kt)	464.0	453.6	1,843.9	1,792.2
North Mine (kt)	55.1	53.0	207.8	92.8
Total Ore Mined (kt)	519.1	506.6	2,051.7	1,885.0
Total Ore Treated (kt)	526.0	478.0	2,031.1	1,884.1
<u>Zinc</u>				
Grade (%)	7.5	8.2	7.6	7.7
Recovery (%)	93.1	92.9	92.9	91.1
Concentrate (kt)	73.2	72.9	285.9	261.3
Contained Zinc (kt)	36.7	36.6	144.1	132.0
Payable Zinc (kt)	30.8	30.8	121.2	111.1
Concentrate Inventory (kt)	27.6	32.5	27.6	18.0
<u>Lead</u>				
Grade (%)	4.5	4.3	4.2	3.8
Recovery (%)	89.1	85.8	87.5	86.5
Concentrate (kt)	28.6	24.2	102.0	85.3
Contained Lead (kt)	20.9	17.5	74.8	61.1
Payable Lead (kt)	19.8	16.6	71.0	58.1
Concentrate Inventory (kt)	-	3.3	-	4.0
<u>Silver</u>				
Grade (g/t)	43.3	49.9	45.4	40.8
Recovery (%)	75.9	72.6	74.1	77.4
Contained Silver (Moz)	0.538	0.539	2.125	1.849
<u>CASH COST & OPERATING MARGIN (US\$/lb zinc)</u>				
Average Price Received	1.33	1.00	0.95	0.54
Direct Cash Costs	0.49	0.43	0.46	0.44
By-product credits	(0.25)	(0.31)	(0.25)	(0.21)
Zinc treatment charges	0.42	0.35	0.32	0.19
Net Cash Cost	0.66	0.47	0.53	0.42
Cash Operating Margin	0.67	0.53	0.42	0.12

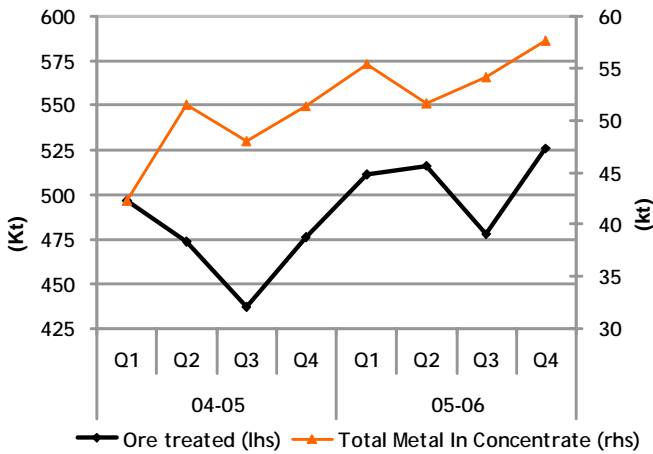
Metal Produced & Cash Operating Cost



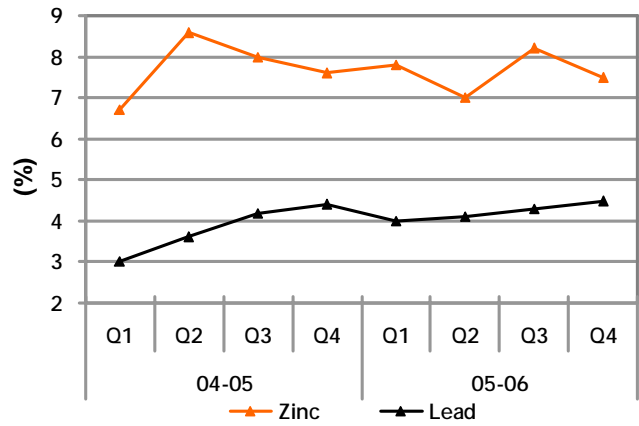
Net Cash Cost/lb Zinc



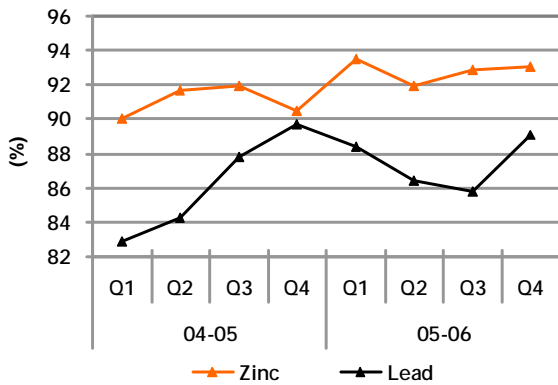
Total Ore & Metal Produced



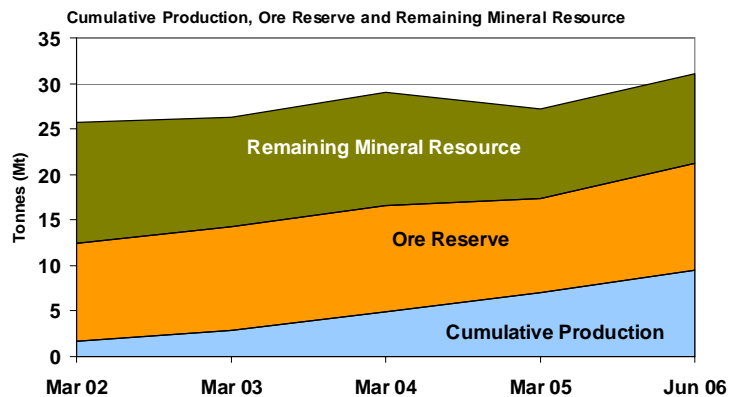
Ore Grades



Metal Recovery



Mineral Resource & Ore Reserve



*Daisy Milano, Western Australia, 100% owned**Operations*

Ore mined and ore grades were comparable to the March quarter as mining continued in the more complex areas at the lateral extremes of the orebody. A substantive shift towards increased stope production is planned in the September quarter. 6,465 ounces of gold were produced from 31,473 tonnes at a grade of 6.39 g/t. The cash cost of production of A\$630/oz was 7.6% lower than the March quarter.

The operation achieved the 10,000 tonnes per month target as stated in the previous quarterly report.

Ore processing was restricted to two campaigns at the Greenfields plant. The first produced 2,601 ounces from 18,910 tonnes at 4.41 g/t and the second 4,861 ounces from 21,049 tonnes at 7.34 g/t.

Work is underway to enhance stope productivity by improving turnaround of technical information, reliability of slot firing, and drill productivity. Grade control diamond drilling was introduced and has assisted in better identifying the appropriate ore structures to develop.

The main decline was extended a further 136.8 metres to Level 18. The current position of the decline permits the operational emphasis to change to ore development / production activities during the September quarter.

Ore development has largely been successfully completed on levels 13, 14, 15 and 16.

One lost time injury was incurred during the quarter and three lost injuries were incurred in 2005/06.

A new loader was acquired to replace existing hire equipment and will result in both improved availability and lower operating costs.

Table 2: Daisy Milano Quarterly Production & Cash Cost

	Jun Qtr 2006	Mar Qtr 2006	Dec Qtr 2005	12 Months 30 June 06
Ore Mined (t)	31,473	28,552	30,985	111,288
Ore Grade (g/t)	6.39	6.67	9.10	7.63
Contained Gold (oz)	6,465	6,123	9,065	27,298
Ore stockpiles (t)	3,481	11,967	13,743	3,481
Recovery (%)	98.0	98.0	94.0	96.3
Gold Sales (oz)	6,021	9,311	5,077	24,139
Cash cost of production* (A\$/oz)	630	682	607	596
Average price received (A\$/oz)	816	733	651	711
Cash operating margin (A\$/oz)	186	51	44	115

* Note - It is considered that a more accurate reflection of cost performance is achieved using a cash cost of production basis due to the impact of irregular campaign milling.

Project Development

Construction of the mobile equipment maintenance workshop, upgrading of the underground ventilation and installation of a secondary egress ladder way were successfully completed during the quarter.

Feasibility study work during the quarter focused on updating the resource model and identifying the optimal future mining method. The overall feasibility study is scheduled for presentation to the Perilya Board in August.

Potosi - Broken Hill, New South Wales, 100% owned

The Perilya Board has approved 'in principle' the staged development of an exploration decline to achieve the necessary confidence prior to considering full development of the Potosi orebody. The current Mineral Resource estimate comprising 0.23 Mt @ 12.9% zinc, 7.2% lead (Inferred) & 0.07Mt @ 12.1% zinc, 7.3% lead (Indicated) is restricted to the Potosi North area of the deposit. The Potosi Extended Inferred Resource remains unchanged at 1.31Mt @ 13.2% zinc, 2.1% lead.

The proposed decline will commence from the existing Potosi open-pit and is expected to be self funding through ore mining en-route. The requisite submissions have been lodged with the relevant regulatory authorities and will be progressed during the September quarter. Pending regulatory approval, it is anticipated that construction of the decline will commence in the December quarter with mining of 190,000 tonnes of ore (at 6.2% zinc and 3.8% lead) to commence six months thereafter. The project will be presented to the Perilya Board for approval in July and further details on the project will be released in the September quarter.

Further drilling was completed at Potosi North and Potosi Extended to test orebody continuity and generate metallurgical samples. Significant results are listed in Table 3.

Table 3: Potosi - Significant Diamond Drill Results Intersections (5% Zn Pb cutoff)

Hole	Area	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Ag (g/t)
3147A	Extended	358.6	367.0	8.4	16.8	12.0	181.3
		372.8	373.5	0.7	11.9	0.2	30.0
		379.5	388.1	8.6	19.0	0.4	34.7
		391.8	393.0	1.2	11.9	0.2	13.0
		395.2	399.3	4.1	8.9	0.3	23.0
		413.3	414.0	0.7	12.9	0.4	22.0
3147B	Extended	373.5	374.1	0.6	17.1	0.0	4.0
		387.8	392.5	4.7	18.2	0.2	20.0
		396.8	397.8	1.0	18.0	0.5	50.0
		410.2	412.1	1.9	21.3	0.1	52.5
3495A	Extended	326.9	327.8	0.9	1.4	3.8	26.0
		367.2	368.4	1.2	11.0	3.4	56.0
		372.9	374.9	2.0	28.2	0.3	5.5
3495B	Extended	364.9	368.9	4.0	5.9	2.7	19.8
		370.4	371.4	1.0	5.7	3.2	52.0
3496	North	154.8	161.4	6.6	9.6	6.6	53.9

North Mine - Broken Hill, New South Wales, 100% owned

The Perilya Board has approved progressing to the pre-feasibility stage of the North Mine Deeps project. This follows identification of potentially viable options to access the mineralisation below Level 15 in the scoping study. The pre-feasibility study is planned for completion by the end of 2006. Site visits to similar style re-developments and requests for expressions of interest from engineering consultants to undertake the study will be completed early in the September Quarter.

The pre-feasibility study will also finalise the dewatering plan to enable the commencement of dewatering activities should the study progress to bankable feasibility in early 2007.

Flinders, South Australia, 100% owned

The Perilya Board has approved the fast track development of the Flinders zinc oxide deposit (Mineral Resource 0.94 Mt @ 31% zinc) in four stages. This follows the review of multiple development options over the past six months.

The staged development is planned as follows:

Stage 1 - will study the feasibility of direct shipping of ore from the Beltana deposit. The stage 1 feasibility study has been awarded to GRD Minproc Limited and will include the final engineering designs to enable commitment to project construction in the December quarter. The estimated NPV of Stage 1 at current zinc prices is in the range of A\$40 - A\$50 million.

Contract mining is planned to commence in early 2007 and produce 150,000 - 180,000 tonnes at average grades of 30 - 35% zinc oxide over a 12 month period. Ore sales agreements are currently being finalized with deliveries likely to occur over a three year period. Total upfront capital expenditure is expected to be around A\$5 - A\$10 million.

Stage 2 - will evaluate the viability of direct ore shipping from further deposits along the line of strike.

Stage 3 - will evaluate the potential to beneficiate lower grade ore to economic levels.

Stage 4 - will involve regional exploration within the surrounding 4,029km² tenements.

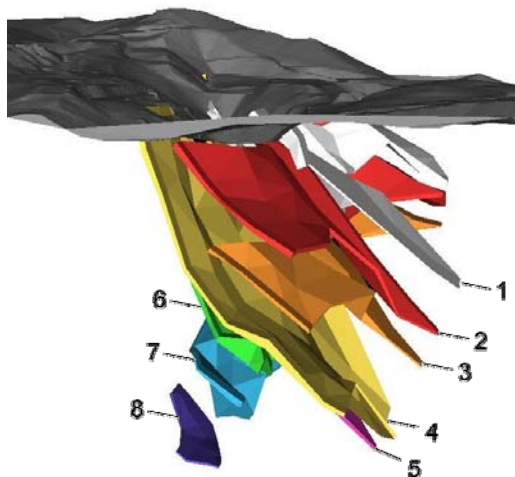
Mt Oxide, Queensland, 100% owned

On 5th July, Perilya released a statement to the ASX highlighting a 23% increase in the Mt Oxide Mineral Resource to 100,000 tonnes of contained copper. This Inferred Resource, comprising 3.7 million tonnes at 2.7% Cu, is contained in 8 parallel lenses (See Figure 1).

A minimum 3,500 m drilling program set to commence in late August / September will confirm the re-interpretation of the geological model and test for extensions of high grade mineralisation at depth.

Further targets have been defined for regional exploration within Perilya's 747 km² tenement holding in the Mount Isa region.

Figure 1: Mt Oxide Geological Model



Lens	Tonnes	Cu %
1	578,490	1.83
2	454,334	1.84
3	447,984	1.88
4	1,186,782	2.5
5	568,032	4.35
6	335,592	3.76
7	34,776	1.96
8	115,200	4.44

Broken Hill, New South Wales, 100% owned

Southern Operations

Five diamond drill holes were completed all of which intersected extensions of the Broken Hill lodes. Whilst the drill hole geology was encouraging, no significant mineralization was intersected.

No further drilling was conducted during the quarter due to depth capacity limitations of the drill rig. Drilling will resume in the September Quarter and the extent of the program is dependant on the outcome of a review of the results to date.

Little Broken Hill

Three diamond drill holes tested a conceptual target at the Eureka Prospect within the Little Broken Hill area. The holes targeted the highest tenor lead and zinc soil anomalism coincidental with strong geophysical indicators and prospective lode rocks, adjacent to a major shear zone. Thin intervals of high grade zinc and lead mineralisation intersected in two of the holes (one result is still awaited), will be followed up with down-hole electromagnetic surveying to test for the presence of significant off-hole sulphides.

Stirling Vale

Forty rotary air-blast (RAB) holes (2,864m) were drilled at the Stirling Vale anomaly where geochemical surveys have recorded the highest tenor and most consistent zinc and lead mineralisation within Perilya's regional exploration tenure. These results will be followed up with RC drilling.

Moyagee, Western Australia, 100% owned

Aircore drilling was completed at the West Island Dolerite prospect located north of the existing Lena prospect (Inferred Resource 820,200 tonnes @ 8.5 g/t Au). A total of 62 aircore holes (5,880 metres) tested the target on five traverses. The geology at the bottom of the drill holes confirmed the targeted differentiated dolerite sill (differentiated dolerites with quartz granophyric zonation are known to host large gold deposits throughout the Archean Yilgarn Block in Western Australia). Significant results are listed in Table 4.

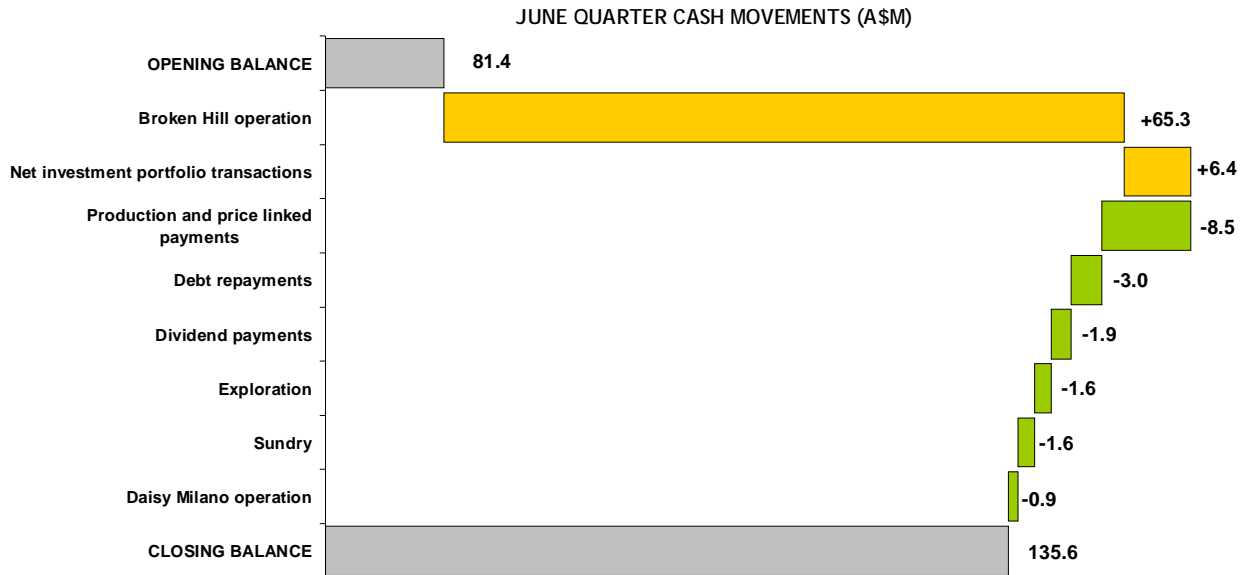
Table 4: West Island Dolerite Prospect - Significant Aircore Drill Results

Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)
MAC332	97	98	1	3.44
MAC333	106	107	1	2.21
MAC334	107	111	4	2.54
MAC364	87	88	1	1.69

These results are considered encouraging given the paucity of drilling to date. The northern-most drill traverse intersected a greater than 1 g/t supergene gold blanket above the magnetic dolerite (MAC332 to MAC334). No drilling has been conducted north of this traverse.

Cash & Deposits

As at 30 June 2006, cash and short term deposits totaled A\$135.6 million (March Quarter - A\$81.4 million). This figure includes A\$9.8 million of deposits supporting environmental rehabilitation bonds. The net cash balance increased by A\$57.2 million during the quarter.



Cash Flow from Operations

Operating cash flow generated from Broken Hill was A\$73.3 million. Free cash flow (after capital expenditure) of A\$65.3 million was up 195% on the March quarter primarily due to the high zinc price. The Daisy Milano operation incurred a net cash outflow of A\$0.9 million.

Debt

Total borrowings as at 30 June 2006 were reduced to A\$7.1 million (compared to A\$10.1 million in the March quarter). The borrowings comprise mobile equipment hire purchase commitments and short term insurance premium funding.

Broken Hill Deferred Price and Production Linked Acquisition Payments

The Broken Hill deferred acquisition liability of A\$55.0 million was settled following the final quarterly price and production linked payment of A\$8.5 million in June (March Quarter - A\$11.0 million). Payments for the 2005/06 financial year totaled A\$30.1 million. The security charges relating to this liability have also been discharged.

Investments

During the quarter the Company received A\$4.9 million cash from the sale of its Strike Oil shareholding in March 2006. The Company also sold its investment in Comet Ridge Ltd, realising A\$2.2 million. As at 30 June 2006, the market value of listed equity investments was A\$5.8 million.

Forward Sales

Perilya has entered into Australian dollar denominated forward sales contracts for approximately 22% of forecast zinc and lead sales out to June 2008 (as summarised in Table 5 below). This represents less than 10% of the current reserves at Broken Hill. As a result, the Company remains exposed to the spot market price for over 90% of its reserves.

Also, during the June quarter the Company commenced hedging of its open sales positions "Quotational Period (QP) Hedging". This common practice of securing the sale price on a shipment by shipment basis eliminates the short term price risk that exists during the quotation period of each sale. As at June 30, 2006 the Company had QP Hedging in place for 9,600 tonnes of zinc at A\$3,930 per tonne and 14,400 tonnes of lead at A\$1,245 per tonne.

All of the hedging contracts have been entered into on an unsecured basis and are not subject to any margin calls. The contracts are also compliant with the hedge effectiveness requirements of the Australian Equivalent of International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS).

The hedging program improves the overall certainty of the cash flow stream from Broken Hill by capitalising on the current high metal price environment, allowing Perilya to position itself for sustainable long term growth while still retaining significant commodity price upside exposure.

Table 5: Forward Sales (as at 18th July 2006)

	2006/07	2007/08
<u>Zinc</u>		
Tonnes (t)	28,064	24,000
Price (A\$/t)	2,858	2,451
<u>Lead</u>		
Tonnes (t)	17,400	17,400
Price (A\$/t)	1,470	1,330

Executive Appointments

On the 17th July Peter Eggleston was appointed General Manager - Sustainable Development. His responsibilities include introducing sustainable development practices to Perilya, government/community relations, corporate brand building and external communications. This appointment complements Perilya's strengthened executive and Board team.

Mineral Resource & Ore Reserve

The Broken Hill Mineral Resource (as at June 30 2006) is 19.2 Mt at 10.4% zinc, 8.5% lead and 102.4 g/t silver. The contained Ore Reserve is 11.7 Mt at 7.3% zinc, 4.8% lead and 47.9 g/t silver (Table 6).

Table 6: Broken Hill Mineral Reserve & Ore Reserve Estimate (as at 30 June 2006)

Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve as at 30 June 2006			Tonnes	Lead	Silver	Zinc	
			'000	%	g/t	%	
Resource	Southern Operations	Measured	9,471	7.8	74.9	10.2	
		Indicated	2,621	6.7	66.1	10.0	
		Inferred	689	9.3	99.4	8.9	
		Total	12,781	7.7	74.4	10.1	
	North Mine	Measured	57	6.1	80.5	5.8	
		Indicated	79	5.4	90.1	5.6	
		Inferred	4,358	13.4	209.8	11.0	
		Total	4,494	13.2	206.1	10.9	
	Northern Leases*	Measured					
		Indicated	404	6.4	64.0	6.2	
		Inferred	1,535	2.9	41.8	13.0	
		Total	1,939	3.6	46.5	11.6	
Total	Measured	9,528	7.8	74.9	10.2		
	Indicated	3,104	6.6	66.4	9.4		
	Inferred	6,583	10.5	159.1	11.3		
	Total	19,214	8.5	102.4	10.4		
Resource at 31 March 2005			18,308	5.9	63.8	9.8	
Reserve	Southern Operations	LHOS**	Proved	7,685	3.9	43.3	7.0
			Probable	2,421	3.5	38.0	6.7
		Total	10,106	3.8	42.0	6.9	
		Pillar	Proved	1,399	11.4	85.6	9.8
	Probable		135	11.0	82.9	8.9	
	Total		1,534	11.4	85.4	9.7	
	Sub-total	Proved	9,084	5.1	49.8	7.4	
		Probable	2,555	3.9	40.4	6.8	
		Total	11,640	4.8	47.7	7.3	
	North Mine	Proved	47	4.9	71.9	5.1	
		Probable	22	4.7	68.0	5.3	
		Total	69	4.8	70.6	5.2	
Total	Proved	9,131	5.1	49.9	7.4		
	Probable	2,578	3.9	40.6	6.8		
	Total	11,709	4.8	47.9	7.3		
Reserve at 31 March 2005			10,450	4.2	45.0	7.3	

Mineral Resource cutoff grade (combined lead and zinc): North Mine 8%, all other resources 7%.

* Includes Potosi North, Potosi Extended and Flying Doctor

** Long-Hole Open Stope Reserve

Estimation of Mineral Resources used a combined lead + zinc boundary cut off grade of 8% for the North Mine and 7% for all other Mineral Resources.

Metal prices used in the Ore Reserve analysis were US\$2000/t zinc, US\$900/t lead and US\$2.06/oz silver at an USD/AUD exchange rate of 0.73

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves in respect of Broken Hill is based on information compiled by Christopher Mroczek and Jared Broome employees of the Company. J Broome is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and C. Mroczek is a member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Both have sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that they are undertaking to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves"

Perilya Limited

Is an expanding diversified mining and exploration company. The Company owns and operates the Broken Hill zinc, lead, and silver mine in New South Wales, Australia, making it one of Australia's largest base metal miners. The Company is also producing gold from its Daisy Milano project located in Western Australia. It has an extensive portfolio of base and gold metal exploration properties, and investments in the mining sector.



	BASE METALS	GOLD
OPERATING	1 Broken Hill (Zn, Pb, Ag)	
DEVELOPING		2 Daisy Milano
EVALUATING	3a Potosi, BH (Zn, Pb, Ag)	
	3b North Mine Deeps, BH (Zn, Pb)	
	4 Flinders (Zn, Mn)	
RESOURCE DRILLING	5 Mt Oxide (Cu)	7 Moyagee
	6 Tampang (Cu)	6 Tampang
EXPLORING	8 Dee Range (Cu, Zn)	10 Holleton
	9 Woodline Well (Ni)	11 Honeymoon Well
		12 Kanowna

Corporate Details

Board of Directors:

Patrick O'Connor	Non-Executive Chairman
Len Jubber	CEO & Managing Director
Chang Keun Choi	Non-Executive Director
Peter Harley	Non-Executive Director
Phil Lockyer	Non-Executive Director
Guy Travis	Non-Executive Director

Capital Structure:

Ordinary Shares	191,047,239
Unlisted Options	7,995,000

Major Shareholders:

Acorn Capital Limited	6.52%
Korea Zinc Company, Ltd	5.17%
Young Poong Corporation, Ltd	5.17%
Delta Partners LLC / Charles Jobson	5.82%
Barclays Global Investors Australia Limited	5.00%

Stock Exchange Listing

Australian Stock Exchange	
ASX Code:	PEM

Principal & Registered Office:

Level 10, 553 Hay Street
Perth Western Australia 6005

Contact Details:

Email: perilya@perilya.com.au
Website: www.perilya.com.au
Telephone: +61 8 6210 2000
Facsimile: +61 8 6210 2099

Share Registry:

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd
Level 2, 45 St Georges Terrace
Perth Western Australia 6000

Telephone: +61 8 9323 2000
Facsimile: +61 8 9323 2033
Email: perth.services@computershare.com.au

Investor Relations Enquiries:

Len Jubber: CEO
Telephone: +61 8 6210 2000
Email: lenj@perilya.com.au